

## 2026 年度入学試験問題

## 英 語

(60 分)

## 注 意 事 項

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子は開かないでください。
2. この問題冊子は 7 ページあります。試験中、ページの脱落等に気づいた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせてください。  
解答用紙(マークシート)の汚れなどに気づいた場合も、同様に知らせてください。
3. 解答用紙(マークシート)は折り曲げたり、汚したりしないでください。
4. 解答は、すべて解答用紙(マークシート)に記入し、解答用紙(マークシート)の枠外には、なにも書かないでください。
5. 試験問題は、1. ～ 40. まであります。  
解答用紙(マークシート)には、問題番号が 1 ～ 50、選択肢が①～⑩まで印刷されていますが、解答にあたっては、1. ～ 40. までの各設問に指示された選択肢の数の中から選んで解答してください。
6. マークは必ず HB の黒鉛筆を使用し、訂正する場合は、完全に消してからマークしてください。
7. 監督者の指示に従って、解答用紙(マークシート)に解答する科目・受験番号をマークするとともに、受験番号および氏名を記入してください。
8. 解答する科目、受験番号、解答が正しくマークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。
9. 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

I. 次の英文を読んでA. とB. の問いに答えなさい。

Black History Month is a special time in the United States. It takes place every February. During this month, people learn about African American history and culture. They think about the hardships Black people faced in the past. They remember those who worked to make their lives better. Some people listen to Black music, look at art, and read stories to understand African American experiences. Through these things, people focus on freedom and fairness. They also encourage people to discuss racism and ways to overcome it.

Black History Month started with Carter G. Woodson. He was an African American historian. In 1926, he started “Negro History Week.” He wanted people to learn about African American history. He thought African American children should know their own history. He chose February because it has the birthdays of Abraham Lincoln and Frederick Douglass, who worked to stop slavery\*<sup>1</sup>. At first, not many people celebrated the week. But later, more and more schools and people took part in it. In 1976, it became Black History Month.

Over time, Black History Month has become a national celebration. Many people learn about African American history during Black History Month. In schools, children study African American leaders and heroes. They also learn about slavery, the abolitionist movement\*<sup>2</sup>, and the Civil Rights Movement\*<sup>3</sup>. These lessons help young people understand the long fight for freedom and equal rights. Outside school, people can learn through books, TV programs, and movies. Communities hold special events like music performances and museum exhibits. These activities give people a chance to learn about Black history in different ways. Black History Month is a good time to learn and to remember those who lived in difficult times.

Black History Month is not only in the U.S. It is also in other countries. In the U.K., it began in 1987. Schools teach about Black British people and their culture. In Canada, it started in 1995. People in Canada now also want to understand the challenges Black people faced and the people who worked for change. A long time ago, many Black people escaped slavery in the U.S. and went to Canada to be free. In Ireland, it is new. It started in the 2020s. These countries want to remember the past and build a better future for everyone.

Black History Month is still important. There are still many issues related to freedom and fairness that we need to think about in the world. Today, there are more ways to learn. We can watch videos, listen to podcasts, and use apps. We can also share stories and ideas on social media. New books, songs, and movies are made to

teach us about Black history. We call it Black History Month, but it is not only about the past. It is also about the future. It helps us think about living together and making the world a better place.

\*<sup>1</sup> slavery : 奴隷制

\*<sup>2</sup> the abolitionist movement : 奴隷解放運動

\*<sup>3</sup> the Civil Rights Movement : 公民権運動

A. 次の 1. ～ 5. の文が本文の内容と合致する場合は①を, 合致しない場合は②を解答欄にマークしなさい。

1. アメリカ合衆国では, Black History Month は夏に祝われている。
2. Black History Month は, 1926 年に “Negro History Week” として Carter G. Woodson によって始められた。
3. 学校を卒業した後, 人々はアフリカ系アメリカ人の歴史や文化を学ぶ機会はほとんどない。
4. Black History Month は, 現在, 彼らの負の歴史を忘れるために複数の国で祝われている。
5. 過去から学ぶことは, より良い未来をどのように築くかを考えるのに役立っている。

B. 次の 6. ～10. の質問の答えとして最も適切なものを①～③から 1 つ選び、その番号を解答欄にマークしなさい。

6. What is one purpose of Black History Month?
- ① To promote pictures drawn by American artists
  - ② To sell books and music about freedom or justice
  - ③ To think about racism and how to stop it
7. Why was February chosen for “Negro History Week”?
- ① Based on the days two important people in African American history were born
  - ② Based on the day Frederick Douglass published his newspaper
  - ③ Based on the day Abraham Lincoln issued an important statement about slavery
8. What do children study in school during Black History Month?
- ① Media like books, movies, and TV shows
  - ② Historical figures in African American history
  - ③ Famous athletes from around the world
9. Why did some Black people go to Canada a long time ago?
- ① To find jobs in big cities
  - ② To study at universities in Canada
  - ③ To escape slavery and live freely
10. What are some new ways that people learn about Black history?
- ① Going to museums and watching videos
  - ② Listening to podcasts and using apps
  - ③ Taking part in community events and using social media



Ⅲ. 次の 21. ～30. の英文の空所に入る最も適切な語(句)を①～③から 1 つ選び、その番号を解答欄にマークしなさい。

21. He told me yesterday that he \_\_\_\_\_ to the important team meeting scheduled for the following morning.
- ① go                                      ② would go                                      ③ goes
22. The car \_\_\_\_\_ color is bright red belongs to my uncle.
- ① what                                      ② which                                      ③ whose
23. I always look forward \_\_\_\_\_ you again at the annual summer festival held in our hometown every August.
- ① to seeing                                      ② seeing                                      ③ to see
24. They \_\_\_\_\_ me use their computer freely during the group project last week.
- ① made to                                      ② have                                      ③ let
25. She stayed home all day \_\_\_\_\_ it was too hot outside.
- ① so that                                      ② because                                      ③ unless
26. \_\_\_\_\_ for the difficult final exam next week, she has studied every night this month.
- ① Preparation                                      ② Preparing                                      ③ Prepared
27. I don't know the exact time \_\_\_\_\_ the express train will arrive at this small station.
- ① when                                      ② what                                      ③ which
28. By the time he arrived last night, we \_\_\_\_\_ our dinner at the restaurant near the hotel.
- ① already ate                                      ② already have eaten                                      ③ had already eaten
29. She heard the baby \_\_\_\_\_ very loudly in the bedroom last night.
- ① crying                                      ② cried                                      ③ to cry
30. It is clear from their actions and words \_\_\_\_\_ they really need urgent help right now.
- ① if                                      ② that                                      ③ when



V. 次の英文の空所 36. ～40. に入る最も適切な語(句)を①～③から1つ選び、その番号を解答欄にマークしなさい。

DEI stands for Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion. DEI is about making fair and helpful places for everyone.

**Diversity** means different people come together. People can be different in race, age, gender, culture, or ideas. When we have diversity, we 36. more views and skills. This is good for work and learning. **Equity** means fair chances for all people. It is not about giving the same help to everyone. Instead, it is about giving what 37. to succeed. For example, removing barriers that prevent some people from joining or growing in jobs or school. **Inclusion** means that every person feels welcome and valued. It means people can share their ideas and be part of the group. Inclusion helps people feel they belong and can work well with 38.

DEI is used in schools, companies, non-profits, and other places. It helps people feel safe and respected. DEI also helps groups to work together better. When people with different ideas join in, they can solve problems in 39.. Many workplaces have DEI programs. These programs teach about bias and fairness. They 40. different people, like women, racial minorities, people with disabilities, and sexual minorities.

36. ① read                                      ② refuse                                      ③ see
37. ① each person needs      ② nobody expects      ③ people avoid
38. ① families                                      ② machines                                      ③ others
39. ① loud voices                                      ② new ways                                      ③ foreign countries
40. ① support                                      ② interrupt                                      ③ confuse